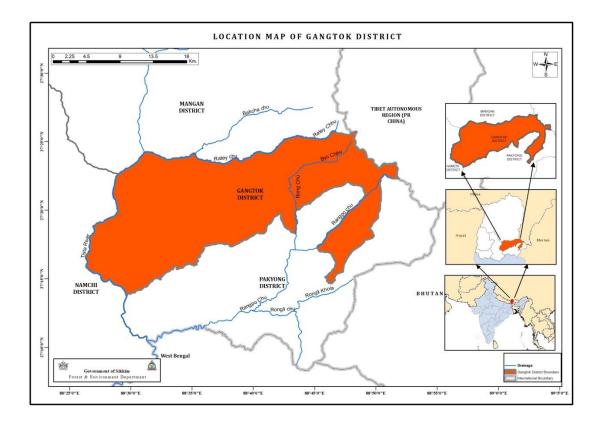
DISTRICT ENVIRONMENT PLAN FOR GANGTOK DISTRICT STATE OF SIKKIM





Office of District Administration District Collector, Gangtok District District Administrative Centre, Gangtok, East Sikkim E-mail:

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District Profile

Gangtok is a bustling, friendly hill station and the capital of the state and as well as the district headquarter of east district. East district has been renamed as Gangtok District as a result of the Sikkim (Re-organization of Districts) Act, 2021 in December 2021. Being the capital of Sikkim, Gangtok is the hub of all the major administrative offices of the state and hence is the districts' headquarter. The district is bounded by Pakyong district in the southern and southeast part of Gangtok district, Bhutan in the east, the People's Republic of China in the northeast, Mangan district in the north and Namchi district in the west.

Not much is known about the early history of the Gangtok District. A very little whatever we get from different sources gives a glimpse of beginning which takes us back to the time of the construction of the hermitic Gangtok monastery in 1716. Gangtok remained a small hamlet until the construction of the Enchey Monastry. The construction of Enchey monastry in 1840 made Gangtok a pilgrimage center. Gangtok came into importance after an English conquest in mid 19th century in response to a hostage crisis. After the defeat of the Tibetans by the British, Gangtok became a major stopover in the trade between Tibet and British India at the end of the 19th century. Most of the roads in the area were built during this time.

In 1894, Thutob Namgyal, the Chogyal (king) of Sikkim, shifted the capital from Tumlong to Gangtok, increasing the city's importance. East district became the centre for all administrative and social activities with shifting of capital. A new grand palace along with other state buildings was built in the new capital. Following India's independence in 1947, Sikkim became a nation-state with Gangtok as its capital. Sikkim came under the suzerainty of India, with the condition that it would retain its independence, by the treaty signed between the Chogyal (King of Sikkim) and the then Indian Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru. This pact gave the India control of external affairs of Sikkim. Trade between India and Tibet continued to flourish through the Nathula and Jelepla passes, offshoots of the ancient Silk Road near Gangtok. These border passes were sealed after the Sino- Indian War in 1962, and the trade came to a halt. The Nathula pass was finally opened for limited trade in 2006, fuelling hopes of economic boom.

In 1975, after years of political uncertainty and struggle, including riots, the monarchy was abrogated and Sikkim became India's twenty-second state, with Gangtok as its capital after a referendum.

a. District Administrative Set-up

Gangtok district of Sikkim has been divided into 2 Sub-Divisions namely Gangtok and Rabdang. Gangtok district is an administrative district of the Indian state of Sikkim as all the major offices of the administration of the state is located in Gangtok. Both the District Collectorate and the office of SDM are situated at Sichey area of Gangtok. However, because of the decentralization policy of the State Government, the sub-district units were further divided into smaller units called Block Administrative Centre (BAC) vide Notification No. 628/RM&DD/P, dated 12.2.2007. The newly created Block Administrative Centers (BACs) are declared as the "grassroots unit" of developmental activities of the state and their territorial jurisdictions are fixed vide Notification No. 60/RM&DD/P, dated 20.02.2007 superseding earlier Notifications of 12.2.2007. Previously there

District Environment Plan [*Gangtok District*] were only 08 BACs which are later on extended to 10.

b. Local Institutions

Gangtok district is a bustling, friendly hill station known for being the most populous districts of the state.Scenic beauty, colorful orchids and glorious monuments make Gangtok a fairyland attraction. Gangtok is a popular place with tourist heading on treks. Along with its natural and cultural bounties the city is dotted with beautiful monasteries and other architectural wonders. Some of these monasteries delight us with their interesting stories and beautiful artistry. Just like its magical appeal, the city is admired for its regional specialties, cleanliness, organization, beautiful maintenance and tobacco-free zone. From handicrafts to handlooms to jewellery and lots more, the city has its own unique touch, which captivates the attention of every visitor. M.G Marg situated at the heart of Gangtok is the first town in the country to be declared as litter and spit-free town.

As the headquarter of Gangtok district, it has all the head offices of different departments including Raj Bhawan, Mintokgang (Residence of the Chief Minister), the State Secretariat, High Court of Sikkim, which is India's smallest high court in terms of area and population of jurisdiction, the Police Headquarter are also located in Gangtok. Rongyek jail, the only jail in the state is also located in Gangtok.

c. Natural Resources

Out of the total geographic area (964 sq km), 679 sq km of area is covered by forest which is 71.17 percent of the total geographic area. Very dense forest occupies162 sq km of the total geographic area, 396 sq km is occupied by the dense forest and 121 sq km is occupied by the open forest. The major physiographic units are hill, valley and slope. The major drainage system in Gangtok district is Teesta, Rangpo Chhu and Dik Chhu.

River System: Major rivers in the Gangtok district are Teesta and Rangit. Teesta can be called as Ganga of the state of Sikkim as most of the Sikkim's settlements are found along the banks of this river. The Teesta comes out as a snout from the Zemu glacier above Lachen Gompha. The Lhonak stream from the north joins it. Another stream Lachung rises from Pauhunri and meets the Teesta at Chungthang. The minor rivers in the district are Rani Khola, Busuk Khola, Rishi Khola and Ratey Chu.

Till 10,000 feet, there are terraced farmlands in which the rice, maize, barley and millet are grown. Cardamoms, oranges, apples, potatoes and ginger are grown in abundance. Orchids also abound in areas with moderate altitudes. They are the pride of Sikkim and there are about 600 species. They come in a wide variety of colours and sizes. The most popular orchids are cymbidiums, vanda, cattaleya, hookeriana, farmeri, dendrobium, amoenum.

In the temperate zone, the flora consists of Oak, Chestnut, Maple, Birch, Alder, Magnolia and Silver Fir. There are about 35 species of Rhododendrons found above the height of 10,000 feet.

When Rhododendron flowers between the month of April and May, it is a sight to behold with hillsides becoming shrouded in colour. At the treeless altitudes above 14,000 feet curious types of flowers in colours of blue, red, violet blossom during summers just a few inches above the ground. The stones and rocks also get coloured by lichens and mosses in amorphous pattern. The diversity in the plant world is complemented by a similar variety in the animal kingdom. Amongst the mammals of Sikkim are the rare Snow Leopard, Himalayan Black Bear, Red Panda, Musk Deer, Blue Sheep, Shapi, Common Langur, Leopard Cat, and the Flying Squirrel.

The two famous Protected Areas in the district are Fambong Lho Wildlife Sanctuary and Kyongnosla Alpine Sanctuary.

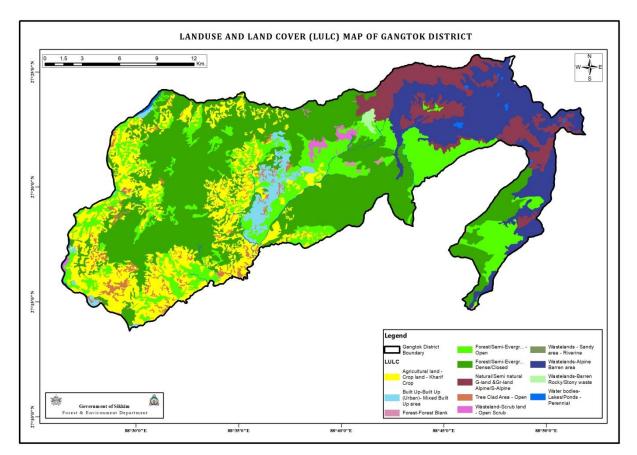
d. Geography & Demography

Gangtok district is a part of the Eastern Himalayas and occupies the south-east corner of the state. The district is bounded by Pakyong district in the southern and southeast part of Gangtok district, Bhutan in the east, the People's Republic of China in the northeast, Mangan district in the north and Namchi district in the west. The district occupies an area of 964 km² and is the second smallest district area wise in the state. It is located at topographical location of Latitude $-27^{\circ} 25'$ North to $27^{\circ}11'$ North and Longitude $-88^{\circ} 53'$ East to $88^{\circ}26' 10''$ East. The district is considered to be a very sensitive area sharing boarder with People's Republic of China and Bhutan.

The district exhibits identical geological features as in other parts of the Eastern Himalayas. Five geological units encountered in the district are Kanchenjunga gneiss, Darjeeling gneiss, Chungthang schists and gneiss, lingtse granite gneiss and daling group of rocks consisting of Phyllite, Slates, Quartzites and Schist of Pre-Cambrian age. Quartenery deposits of alluvium are sporadically developed along the streams and rivers. Due to different sets of structural disturbance numerous fractures, faults, joints, folds, etc. have developed in the rocks occurring in the district.

According to the 2011 census, Gangtok Sikkim district has a population of 281,293 out of which 150260 are males and 131033 are females which constitute 45.3 % of the total population of the state of Sikkim. The district has a population density of 295 inhabitants per square kilometer (760 /sq mi). East District has a sex ratio of 872 females for every 1000 males, and a literacy rate of 84.67%. The district is a land of diverse culture and tradition; people in Gangtok District are constituted by Nepali, Bhutia and Lepcha communities. Nepali is the predominant language in the region

e. Land-use Pattern



f. Climate

The climate of the district has been roughly divided into the tropical, temperature and alpine zones. For most of the period in a year, the climate is cold and humid as rainfall occurs in each month. The area experiences a heavy rainfall due to its proximity to the Bay of Bengal. The general trend of decrease in temperature with increase in altitude holds good everywhere. Pre-monsoon rain occurs in April-May and monsoon (south-west) operates normally from the month of May and continues up to early October.

2.0IndicativeGapAnalysisandActionPlansfor Complying With Waste Management Rules

(i) Solid Waste Management

a. Current status related to Solid Waste Management

	Lirban Local Rodies	No of Wards	No of House holds	Population	Solid Waste Generated per day
1.	Gangtok Municipal Corporation	17		1,00,286	50 TPD
2.	Singtam Nagar Panchayat	5		5,868	2.5 TPD

	Local Bodies	No of Village Panchayats / Blocks	No of House holds	Population	Solid Waste Generated per day
1	Block/Taluk/ Mandal Tehsils	64			
2	Village/GramPanchayats	51			

b. Identification of gaps and action plan

S.No	Action points for villages / blocks/town municipalities /City corporations	Identification of gap	Action plan	Responsible agencies	Timeline for completion of action plan
1	Segregation				
	Segregation of waste at source	Segregation at source practiced by some household and other waste generators.	Action plan to achieve segregation at source. The 3Rs' rules and regulations (Reuse, Reduce	Urban Development Department, Gangtok Municipal Corporation	Continuous process
		Ensuring Segregation at source at all point generation source is necessary.	(Redse, Reduce and Recycle) to be followed mandatory. Awareness programs,		

<u>Dist</u> ric	t Environment Plar	n [Gangtok District]			
			incentives, etc. maybe considered at regular intervals.		
		% of segregation in each ULB for gap identification	Distribution of color-coded garbage bins to households or community bins in various areas with high foot traffic can be placed. Imposing penalties/fines Collecting different type of waste on different days Can mention the awareness programs conducted and the incentives given		No proper timeline
2	Sweeping				
(i)	Manual Sweeping	Gaps have not been seen currently.	Continuation of current practice	Urban Development Department, Rural Development Department, Forest & Environment Department, District Administration, Block Administrative Centres, Gram Panchayat Units, Producers / Manufactures /	Continuous process

strict E	Environment Plan	[Gangtok District]	T		
				Brand owners.	
				Gangtok	
				Municipal	
				Corporation	
		Current status of	Elaboration of the		
		sweeping tools	current practice		
		(Brooms, hand	mentioned above		
		carts, etc)			
			Total man power in		
			the district (each		
			ULB)		
			Total area/length of		
			the road covered		
			every day		
			Frequency of		
			sweeping		
(ii)	Mechanical	Not practiced	Sweeping is done	Action not	Not Applicable
` '	Road	currently in the		required	
	Sweeping&	state	areas	1	
	Collection				
	Waste				
	Collection				
(i)	100%	80% in Gangtok	Prepared and	Urban	Continuous
(1)	collection of	oovo in oungion	notified vide Govt.	Development	process
	solid waste	92% in Singtam	of Sikkim Gazette	Department,	process
	sonu waste	Nagar Panchayat	Notification	Rural	
			$n_0 A/U D \lambda_7 HD$		
			1 (14) E(1 / 9 () 4 / () 1 9	Development	
				Department,	
				Forest &	
				Environment	
				Department,	
				District	
				Administrative	
				Block,	
				Administrative	
				Centres,	
				Gram Panchayat	
				Units,	
				Producers /	
				Manufacturers /	
				Brand owners.	
				Gangtok	
				Municipal	
				Corporation	
			Plan for achieving		No proper
			the rest gap %		timeline
			la se de la Tele	1	
			needs to be mentioned above		

District I	Environment Plan [Ganatok District]			
(ii)	Arrangement for door-to- door collection	Gangtok District]	Can mention if more man power is required to achieve the gap % Can increase the frequency of waste collection Can mention if a greater number of vehicles are required Can mention if any awareness programs has been conducted by the concerned department Specified in the action plan. (Garbage fees to be mandatorily collected from every household and business establishments)	Urban Development Department, Rural Development Department, Forest & Environment Department, District Administration, Block Administrative Centres, Gram Panchayat Units, Producers / Manufacturers / Brand owners. Gangtok	Continuous process
			Elaboration of the mentioned action plan	Municipal Corporation	
(iii)	Waste collection trolleys with separate compartments	Required. 10 nos for Gangtok, & 3 nos. for Singtam	Procurement list has been submitted to UDD. Govt. of Sikkim	Urban Development Department, Rural Development Department, Forest &	Continuous process

District Environment F	Plan [Gangtok District]			
	Number currently available in the district	Current status of the procurement list Proper date for when the list	Environment Department, District Administration, Block Administrative Centres, Gram Panchayat Units, Producers / Manufacturers / Brand owners. Gangtok Municipal Corporation	No proper timeline
(iv) Mini Collection Trucks with separate compartmen s	1 no. for	when the list was submitted Procurement list has been submitted to UDD. Govt. of Sikkim	Urban Development Department, Rural Development Department, Forest &Environment Department, District Administration, Block Administrative, Centres, Gram Panchayat Units, Producers / Manufacturers / Brand owners. Gangtok Municipal Corporation	Continuous process
	Number currently available in the district	Current status of the procurement list Proper date for	L	No proper timeline

istrict I	Environment Plan	[Gangtok District]			
			when the list was submitted		
(v)	Waste Deposition Centers (for domestic hazardous waste)	Improper segregation due to lack of awareness leads to admixing of DHW in solid waste.	SPCB- Sikkim has donated separate labeled DHW collection bins to authorities for use during waste collection	Urban Development Department, Rural Development Department, Forest & Environment Department, District Administration Block, Administrative Centres, Gram Panchayat Units, Producers / Manufacturers / Brand owners. Gangtok Municipal Corporation	Continuous process
		Number of waste deposition centers currently available in the district No. of WDC required	Regular monitoring to check the effectiveness of the above- mentioned plan Awareness programs on domestic hazardous waste to the general public		No proper timeline
			Distribution of DHW collection bins to households		
4.	Waste Transport				

	<u>ct Environment Plan</u> Review	Mini collection	Procurement is	Urban	Continuous
)	Review existing infrastructure for waste Transport.	Mini collection Trucks, Waste Trolleys and Bulk waste trucks are required.	required	Urban Development Department, Rural Development Department, Forest & Environment Department, District Administration, Block Administrative, Centres, Gram Panchayat Units, Producers / Manufacturers / Brand owners. Gangtok Municipal	Continuous process
		Mention existing number of infrastructures for waste transport	Mention the number required for procurement based on the gap Action plan for procurement of the above- mentioned required	Corporation	No proper timeline
ii)	Bulk Waste Trucks	Required. 1 no. for Gangtok & 1 no. for Singtam	infrastructure More procurement is required	Urban Development Department, Rural Development Department, Forest & Environment Department, District Administration, Block Administrative Centers,	Continuous process

District	Environment Plan	[Gangtok District]			
				Gram Panchayat Units, Producers / Manufacturers / Brand owners. Gangtok Municipal Corporation	
		Current availability of the bulk waste trucks in the district	Action plan for procurement of the above- mentioned required infrastructure		No proper timeline
(iii)	Waste Transfer points	Not available. Directly transfer to Waste Processing Facility (WPF).	NA	NA	NA
5	Waste Treatment and Disposal				
(i)	Wet-waste Management: On-site composting by bulk waste generators(Au thority may decide on requirement as per Rules)	Bulk Waste generators are not present in most of the ULBs in the district except Gangtok	Compost plant of capacity 1TPD has been installed in Lal Bazaar (vegetable market) in Gangtok	Urban Development Department, Rural Development Department, Forest & Environment Department, District Administration Block, Administrative Centres, Gram Panchayat Units, Producers / Manufacturers / Brand owners. Gangtok Municipal Corporation	Continuous activity
(ii)	Wet-waste Management :Facilities) for central Bio- meth nation	Proper Managemen t of WPF is required. Due to lack	50 TPD composting unit available at Martam, East Sikkim for	Urban Development Department, Rural Development Department,	Continuous activity

	Environment Plan / Composting	of	Gangtok,	Forest &	
	of wets waste.	segregation of waste from rural area, the WPF in Martam, East Sikkim is facing a lot of difficulties. Proper compost cannot be carried out due to non biodegradab le waste admixed with compostable material	Singtam & Rangpo. Specified in the action plan. Under SBM (G) Mission Phase II, all 32 blocks of the state are under the process of setting up community compost pits. Not required for ULBs in current scenario.	Environment Department, District Administration Block, Administrative Centres, Gram Panchayat Units, Producers / Manufacturers / Brand owners. Gangtok Municipal Corporation	
		Total number of existing facilities			
(iii)	Dry-Waste Managemen t: Material Recovery for dry- waste fraction	Installed	Specified in the action plan. Recyclable wastes are sent to West Bengal from Martam WPF. The Rural Development Department has selected 2 Divisions in the district and 4 GPUs (SamlikMarchak and MartamNazitam) as model villages for compliance to the directions of Hon'ble NGT in the matter of 606/2018. Setting up of RRC in all	Urban Development Department, Rural Development Department, Forest & Environment Department, District Administrative Block, Administrative Centres, Gram Panchayat Units, Producers / Manufacturers / Brand owners. Gangtok Municipal Corporation	Continuous activity

District I	Environment Plan [Gangtok District]			
		Location where the facility has been installed	blocks is under process. Selection of RDF firm for the state is under process by UDD, Govt. of Sikkim		Timeline
		Number of facilities installed			
(iv)	Disposal of inertand non- recyclablewas tes:SanitaryLa ndfill	Sanitary landfill available at 32 mile for the entire district. Proper Management of WPF is required. Proper compost cannot be carried out due to non biodegradable waste admixed with compostable material.	Specified in Action plan. Under process for identifying more landfills.	Urban Development Department, Rural Development Department, Forest & Environment Department, District Administration, Block Administrative Centers, Gram Panchayat Units, Producers / Manufacturers / Brand owners. Gangtok Municipal Corporation	Continuous activity
		Required number of Sanitary Landfills	Action plan needs to be mentioned above Current status on identifying more landfills		Timeline

(v)	Remediation	[Gangtok District] Yes.	Capped and	Urban	Continuous
. /	of historic /	Lack of		Development	activity
	legacy	proper	-	Department,	
	dumpsite	segregation		Gangtok	
	I I I	leads to lot of	Biomining may be	U	
		waste being		Corporation	
		disposed in	1	1	
		landfill			
		Number of	Location of the site		Timeline
		existing old	established for		
		dumpsite	scientific disposal		
			Exact timeline on		
			establishment of		
			site and further		
			actions		
(vi)	Involvement	Initiated		Urban	Continuous
	of NGOs		engaged.	Development	activity
				Department, Rural	
			130 VOV300 N1VV1m	Development	
			has been granted	Department,	
			NOC by SPCB for	Forest &	
			collection for	Environment	
				Department,	
			Household level in	District	
			Gangtok area.	Administration,	
			NGOs have also	Block	
			been involved in	Administrative	
			survey of Urban areas for data	Centers,	
			generation to	Gram Panchayat	
			ensure phasing out	Units,	
			of SUPs.	Producers / Manufacturers /	
				Brand owners.	
				Gangtok	
				Municipal	
				Corporation	
(vii)	EPR	Under process	The SPCB-	Urban	Continuous
(/	ofProducers:	Process		Development	activity
	Linkage			Department, Rural	
	withProduce			Development	
	rs		U	Department,	
	/BrandOwne			District	
	rs			Administrative	
	~		-	Block,	
			the new SOP	Administrative	
				Centres,	
			1 I V	SPCB-Sikkim.	
			authorities have	Gangtok	

District	Environment Plan [Gangtok District]			
			been directed to prepare inventory of brand owners of authorized dealers. Many Producers has approached GMC for implementation of EPR. Timeline of each activity	Municipal Corporation	Timeline
(viii)	Authorization ofWastePicker s	Action not required		Urban Development Department, Rural Development Department, District Administrative Block, Administrative Centres, SPCB-Sikkim. Gangtok Municipal Corporation	Continuous activity
(ix)	Preparation ofown by- laws tocomplywit h SWMRules201 6	Yes	Prepared and notified vide Govt. of Sikkim Gazette notification no. 5/UD&HD dated 29.04.2019.	•	In Progress

Note:"State Policy and Strategy on Solid Waste (Action Plan)" and "Bye-laws of Solid Waste Management & Handling cleanliness and sanitation for urban sector in Sikkim" has been enclosed as Annexure I & II, respectively.

(ii) Plastic WasteManagement

(a) Current status related to Plastic Waste Management

	UrbanLocalBodies	EstimatedQuantityofPlasticWast eGeneratedperday
1	Gangtok MunicipalCorporation	23.21 mt
2	Singtam Nagar Panchayat	0.5547 mt

	LocalBodies	PlasticWaste Generatedper day	
1	Block/Taluk/ MandalTehsils	Not available	
2	Village/GramPanchayats	Not available	

(b) Identification of gaps and Action plan

S.No.	Action points for village panchayats/bl ocks/municip alities /corporations	Identification of gap	Action plan	Responsible agencies	Target time for Compliance
1.	Door-to-Door collection of dry waste including PW	80% in Gangtok Municipal Corporation, 92% in Singtam Nagar Panchayat	All recyclable plastic is sent to West Bengal as no recycling facility is available in the state. The Govt. of Sikkim vide Gazette notification no. 145 dated 8th of July 1998 amended the Sikkim Trade License and Miscellaneous Provisions Rule 1985 wherein the use of plastic wrappers or bags for purchase of any goods or materials was prohibited. Trade license	Panchayat Units. Gangtok Municipal Corporation	Continuous process.

District Environment Plan [Gangtok District]	conditions
	states that no
	one should
	use plastic
	wrapping for
	goods being sold in the
	market. The
	Govt. of Sikkim vide
	notification
	number
	25/Home/201
	6 dated
	19.05.2016 directed that
	the packaged
	drinking water
	bottles may
	not be used in
	any Govt.
	meetings/func
	tions in order to reduce
	plastic waste. The Govt. of
	Sikkim vide
	notification
	number
	26/Home/201
	6 dated
	19.05.2016
	announced the
	ban on sale
	and use of
	disposable
	items made
	from
	Styrofoam
	throughout the
	State keeping
	in view its
	various ill
	effects to
	environment
	and human
	health. The
	Govt. of
	Sikkim vide
	Gazette
	notification
	no. 344 dated
	9th of August
	22 Page

District	Environment Plan	[Ganatok District]			
			2019 imposed		
			ban on sale		
			and use of		
			plastic having		
			less than 50		
			micron		
			thickness and		
			SUP in all		
			forms such as		
			carry bags,		
			pouches, cups,		
			plates, spoons,		
			straws and		
			other use and		
			throw items		
			made of		
			plastic.		
			Action plan for		
			gap % of door to		
			door collection		
			of PW not		
			specified		
			•		
			Can increase		
			man power and		
			frequency of		
			collection		
2.	Facilitate	All dry waste is	Action Plan and	Lirbon	Continuous
۷.				Development	process.
	organized	transported at	•	-	process.
	collection of	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	under process	Department, Rural	
	PW at Waste	in Sipsu.		Development	
	Transfer	• Materialrecov		-	
	PointorMateria			Department, Forest &	
	1	available		Environment	
	RecoveryFacili			Department,	
	ty	ofinformal		District	
		sector /NGO		Administration,	
		initiated and		Block	
		under process		Administrative	
		• Registering		Centers,	
		wastepicker		Gram	
		s completed		Panchayat	
		Till date no		Units,	
		plastic waste		Producers /	
		collection centre		Manufacturers /	
				Brand owners.	
		has set up brand		Gangtok Municipal	
		owners in the		Corporation	
		district. Proposal		Corporation	
		for			
		implementationof			2210000

District	Environment Plan	[Ganatok District]			
1011101		EPR has been			
		received by			
		GMC.			
		Availability			
		oftransfer			
		pointsand			
		material			
		recoveryfacilit			
		У			
		 Involvement 			
		ofinformal			
		sector /NGO.			
		• Registering			
		wastepicker			
		s			
		• Linkage with			
		PWrecyclers			
		Involvement of			
		producers and			
		brand-owners			
			If action plans		
			are under		
			process timeline		
			for action plan		
			completion		
			needs to be		
			mentioned		
3.	PW	Till date no plastic	Action Plan and	Urban	
	1 **	waste collection		Development	
	CollectionCent	centre has been set	-	Department,	
	ers	up by brand owners		Rural	
		in the district.		Development	
		Proposal for		Department	
		implementation of		SPCB,	
		EPR has been		Gangtok	
		received by GMC.		Municipal	
				Corporation	
		PWC centers can	Action plan for	-	Timeline
		be set up by local	establishing		
		bodies as well	adequate		
			number of		
			plastic waste		
			collection		
			centers		
			Identification of		
			areas for		
			establishing		
			PWC centers		

District E	Environment Plan	[Gangtok District]			
4.	Awareness andeducationp rogramsimple mentation	[Gangtok District] Under process	0 D 0 D 0 1 1 1	Urban Development Department, Rural Development Department, Forest & Environment Department District Administration, Block Administrative Centres,	Continuous process
			SPCB- Sikkim. Many NGOs have been involved in conducting survey for phasing out SUPs. Awareness is also carried by various divisions of the Forest Department to the public.	Gram Panchayat Units. Forest Department Gangtok Municipal Corporation	
			Can mention state govt notification on ban of SUPs		Timeline
5.	Access to Plastic Waste Disposal Facilities	Yes	Located at West Bengal. Recycling facilities for plastic waste has not been set up in the state.	Urban Development Department, Rural Development Department	

(iii) C&D Waste Management

a. Current status related to C&D Waste Management

Details of Data Requirement

Present Status

District Environment Plan [Gangtok District]	
Total C &D waste generation inMT per day(As per data	Not available
from Municipal Corporations/Municipalities)	
Does the District have access to C&D waste recycling	No
facility?	

b. Identification of gaps and Action plan

S. No.	Action points for blocks/town municipalities/City corporations	Identification of gaps	Action plan	Responsible agency	Timeline for completion of action plan
1.	Arrangement for separate collection of C&D waste to C&D waste deposition point.	NA	NA	NA	NA
2.	Whether local authority have fixed user fee on C&D waste and introduced permission system for bulk waste generators who generate more than 20 tons or more in one day or 300 tons per project in month?	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.	C&D recycling facility	NA	NA	NA	NA
4.	Usage of recycled C&D waste in non- structural concrete, paving blocks, lower layers of road pavements, colony and rural roads	NA	NA	NA	NA
5.	ICE on C & D waste management	NA	NA	NA	NA

Note: Action plan on C&D waste has been prepared and is under process for approval. The details for the same shall be provided after final approval by the State Government.

(iv) Biomedical Waste Management

Lucrostance of DMMV in the District	Occurrentitier
Inventory of BMW in the District	Quantity
Total no. of bedded Healthcare Facilities (HCF)	6 (Socheygang, Samdong, Sang & NHPC, Ayush Hospital & CRH).
Total no. of non- Bedded HCF	219(17 HCF-Sub Health Centre{10 under Sang & 7 under Samdong), 1 UPHC Gangtok, 1 UPHC Ranipool, 1 UHWC Shantinagar and 7 UHWC under Gangtok UPHC}, 2 ESIC Clinics, 25 Veterinary {1 State Vet Poly Clinic, 2 Vet Hospital, 11 Vet Dispensary, 11 Vet Sub Centre}, 159 Private Clinics{140 under urban & 19 under Singtam area}, 6 Pvt. Company OHC).
No. HCFs Authorized by SPCBs/PCCs	207 (except for 2 UPHC's,8 UHWC's,2 ESIC's)
No. of Common Biomedical Waste Treatment and Disposal Facilities (CBWTFs)	NIL
Capacity of CBWTF	NIL
NO. of deep Burials for BMW	20 (Sang, Samdong, NHPC, UHPC Ranipool, Chongey, Dondaythang, Khamdong, Martam Rumtek, Rey Mindu, Ranka, Tumblabong, Tumin, Luing, Lingdok, Pangthang, Raley, Makha, Old Singtam Hospital area & State Vet Clinic,).
Quantity of Bio medical Waste generated per day	350-360 kg/day approx. (including all bedded non-bedded HCF)
Quantity of Biomedical Waste treated per day	300 kg per day.

a. Current status related to Biomedical Waste Management

Under District CMO: Sang and its 10 Sub- Health Centre's, Samdong and its 7 Sub-Health Centre's, Shantinagar UHWC, NHPC, 19 Pvt Clinics and 6 Pvy. Company OHC's.

b. Identification of gaps and action plan

S. No.	Action points for blocks/town municipalities/City corporations	Identification of gaps	Action plan	Responsible agency	Timeline for completion of action plan
1.	Inventory and identification of Health care facilities	No gaps	been prepared by	of Health & Family Welfare,	Completed. The same shall be updated in the future if any changes occur.

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District	Environment Plan [Gang	tok District]			
		Out of 225 HCFs 12 have not been authorized according to data mentioned above. Reason why the			
		remaining HCFs			
2.	Adequacy of facilities	are not authorized No gaps.	Proposal for	Department	Continuous
2.	to treat biomedical waste	BMW generated in all HCFs undergo captive treatment within the facility itself.	CHWTSDF and CBWTF is in process. 90% payment for Land Acquisition completed.	of Health & Family Welfare,	process
		In the above data it has been mentioned that 350-360 Kg/day BMW is generated while only 300 Kg/day is treated. Hence, there is a gap in the adequacy of facilities to treat BMW. How is the remaining 50-60 kg of BMW being treated?			Timeline
3.	Tracking of BMW	No gaps	BMW generated in HCFs undergo	of Health & Family Welfare	Continuous process

Distric	t Environment Plan [<i>Gang</i>	tok District]			
4.	Awareness and education of health care staff	No gaps	Capacity Building, awareness and training has been conducted for all healthcare workers to ensure proper management of BMW in the HCFs including COVID19 waste.	Department of Health & Family Welfare, SPCB – Sikkim	Continuous process. Training is conducted every year.
5.	Adequacy of funds	Fund allocation has been specified in Action plan	Fund allocation has been specified in Action plan	Department of Health & Family Welfare	Continuous process
6.	Compliance to Rules by HCFs and CBWTFs	Committee formed	Specified in Action plan	Department of Health & Family Welfare	Continuous process
			Elaboration of the said action plan		
7.	DistrictLevel Monitoring Committee	with Advisory	Formation of the committee and advisory body notified by State Government	Department of Health & Family Welfare	Continuous process
8.	Waste water Treatment	Required as due to lack of space, no ETPs have been set up.	Preparation of action plan has been communicated to implementing department. Proposal for installation in other district hospitals have been initiated.	Department of Health & Family Welfare	Continuous process.
					Timeline

Note: Action Plan on Bio-Medical Waste Management for the State of Sikkim (2019) has been attached as Annexure III

(v) Hazardous Waste Management

a. Current status related to Hazardous Waste Management

Major source of hazardous waste (HW) is pharmaceutical industries and facilities located in the district, who are required to be regulated under Water (P&CP) Act 1974, Air (P&CP) Act 1981 and Environment (P) Act, 1986 and the Hazardous & Other Wastes (Management & Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and the rules notified thereof. Many commercial establishments like automobile repair shops, paint workshops, stores, etc. may also generate small quantities of hazardous waste. The district administration should be aware of the type of hazardous waste generation in their district and adequacy of facilities for safe handling and disposal within or outside District. Linkage of district administration with common TSDFs in the State is necessary to establish system for safe disposal of domestic hazardous waste. However, since no CHWTSDF has been established in the state, the SPCB-Sikkim has initiated agreements & facilitated transport & disposal of HW generated in the state to TSDF & recycling plants in West Bengal and Cement Plants in Assam, Meghalaya, Chattisgarh and Jharkhand

a. HW details

Detail	ls of Data Requirement	Present Status
No. of	f Industries generating HW	8
Quant	ity of HW in the district	
(i)	Quantity of incinerable HW	1068.132 MT
(ii)	Quantity of land-filled HW	Nil
(iii)	Quantity of Recyclable / utilizable HW	9.44 MT
No of captive/common TSDF		Nil
	minated Sites or probable minated sites	Nil

b. Identification of gaps and action plan

S.No	-	Identification of gaps	Action plan	Responsible agency	Timeline for completion of action plan
1.	Regulation of industries and facilities generating Hazardous Waste	Completed	NA	SPCB	Complied
2.	Establishment of collection centers	None	All HW generated in the state is transported to: 1. West Bengal Waste Management	Occupier	Complied

District Er	vironment Plan [<i>Gan</i> g	gtok District]	T 4 1 TT 1 1		
			Ltd., Haldia,		
			West Bengal		
			for		
			incineration;		
			2. Calcom		
			Cement,		
			Assam for co-		
			processing;		
			and		
			3. Kundu		
			Refinery, West		
			Bengal for		
			recycling		
			4. M/s Hill		
			Cement Ltd.,		
			Meghalya for		
			coprocessing 5.M/s Nilay		
			Narayan Polychem LLP,		
			Jharkhand, for		
			co-processing;		
			6.M/s Ambuja		
			Cements Ltd.,		
			Chhattisgarh for		
			coprocessing		
3.	Training of workers	None		SPCB-Sikkim.	Complied
3.	Training of workers	None	The SPCB –		Complied
	involved in		The SPCB – Sikkim during	Department of	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of	Department of Labour,	Complied
	involved in		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation	Department of	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the	Department of Labour,	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency	Department of Labour,	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the	Department of Labour,	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has	Department of Labour,	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has been prepared by	Department of Labour,	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has	Department of Labour,	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has been prepared by the occupier. It has also been	Department of Labour,	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has been prepared by the occupier. It has also been specified in the	Department of Labour,	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has been prepared by the occupier. It has also been	Department of Labour,	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has been prepared by the occupier. It has also been specified in the Specific	Department of Labour,	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has been prepared by the occupier. It has also been specified in the Specific conditions of the authorisation to	Department of Labour,	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has been prepared by the occupier. It has also been specified in the Specific conditions of the authorisation to ensure safety of	Department of Labour,	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has been prepared by the occupier. It has also been specified in the Specific conditions of the authorisation to ensure safety of the people	Department of Labour,	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has been prepared by the occupier. It has also been specified in the Specific conditions of the authorisation to ensure safety of the people handling HW,	Department of Labour,	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has been prepared by the occupier. It has also been specified in the Specific conditions of the authorisation to ensure safety of the people handling HW, procure spillage	Department of Labour,	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has been prepared by the occupier. It has also been specified in the Specific conditions of the authorisation to ensure safety of the people handling HW,	Department of Labour,	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has been prepared by the occupier. It has also been specified in the Specific conditions of the authorisation to ensure safety of the people handling HW, procure spillage kits and provide PPEs.	Department of Labour, Occupier	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has been prepared by the occupier. It has also been specified in the Specific conditions of the authorisation to ensure safety of the people handling HW, procure spillage kits and provide PPEs. Compliance to the	Department of Labour, Occupier	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has been prepared by the occupier. It has also been specified in the Specific conditions of the authorisation to ensure safety of the people handling HW, procure spillage kits and provide PPEs.	Department of Labour, Occupier	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has been prepared by the occupier. It has also been specified in the Specific conditions of the authorisation to ensure safety of the people handling HW, procure spillage kits and provide PPEs. Compliance to the provisions of the Hazardous Waste	Department of Labour, Occupier	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has been prepared by the occupier. It has also been specified in the Specific conditions of the authorisation to ensure safety of the people handling HW, procure spillage kits and provide PPEs. Compliance to the provisions of the Hazardous Waste (Management &	Department of Labour, Occupier	Complied
	involved in handling / recycling		The SPCB – Sikkim during grant of authorisation ensures that the Emergency Response Procedure has been prepared by the occupier. It has also been specified in the Specific conditions of the authorisation to ensure safety of the people handling HW, procure spillage kits and provide PPEs. Compliance to the provisions of the Hazardous Waste	Department of Labour, Occupier	Complied

District	Environment Plan [<i>Gan</i>	atok District]		
			Rules, 2016 and	
			authorisation is	
			verified in every	
			inspection	
			conducted by	
			SPCB officials.	
4.	Availability /	No gaps.	All HW generated SPCB-Sikkim,	Complied
	Linkage with	01	in the state is Occupier	1
	common TSDF or		transported to :	
	disposal facility		1. West Bengal	
	disposal facility		Waste	
			Management Ltd.,	
			Haldia, West	
			Bengal for	
			incineration;	
			2. Calcom	
			Cement, Assam	
			for co-processing;	
			and	
			3. Kundu	
			Refinery, West	
			Bengal for	
			recycling	
			4. M/s Hill Cement	
			Ltd., Meghalya for	
			coprocessing 5.	
			M/s Nilay Narayan	
			Polychem LLP <i>,</i> Jharkhand, for	
			coprocessing; 6.	
			M/s Ambuja	
			Cements Ltd.,	
			Chhattisgarh for co-	
5.	Contominated Sites	No conc	processing. No area in the SPCB-Sikkim	A ation not
э.	Contaminated Sites	ino gaps		Action not
			State of Sikkim	necessary
			has been listed in	
			the 112	
			Contaminated	
			sites and 168	
			Probable	
			contaminated sites	
			in the country	

(vi) E-Waste Management

a. Current status related to E-Waste Management

Details of Data Requirement	Present Status
Inventory of E-Waste	5921 nos. (Should be mentioned in MT/Year) in 2020-2021
	A total of 100 items from 4 departments have been disposed off at the e-waste Collection centre at GMC in the year 2021- 22
	A total of 500 items from 35 departments have been disposed off at the e-Waste collection at GMC in the year 2022-23
Collection centers established by ULBs in theDistrict	1
Collection centers established by Producersor theirPROs	2 under verification by SPCB
No authorized E-Waste recyclers /Dismantler	None in the state. Sent to J.S. Pigments, West Bengal.

b. Identification of gaps and action plan

S. No.	Action points	Gaps in implementation	Action Plan	Responsibl e agency	Timeline for completion of action plan
1	Inventory / Generation of E- Waste / Bulk-waste generators	Inventory preparation has been delayed as many of the bulk consumers do not provide information	Information Education & Communication (IEC) Plan from Information Technology Department is awaited for completion of inventory.		The Department has notified an e-waste disposal guidelines vide Notification No: 545/DIT/15 dated: 02/12/2014 wherein all the Government Departments were advised to dispose the e-waste in the

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Dist	rict Environment Plan	[Gangtok District]			
		Timeline for completion			Gangtok Municipal Corporation after verification from the Department of Information Technology, Government of Sikkim. Enclosed the copy of the e- waste Notification.
2	E-Waste collection points	Till date 2 collection center shave been set up by producers through PROs in the district for implementation of EPR. Verification of the same is under process with SPCB.	Licensing authorities have been directed to prepare inventory of authorized dealers in order to implement the EPR provisions of the E-waste Management Rules, 2016.	Gangtok Municipal Council &Singtam Nagar Panchayat, UDD.	Timeline
3	Linkage among Stakeholders to channelize E- Waste	Till date 2 collection centres have been set up by producers through PROs in the district for Implementation of EPR. Verification of the same is under process with SPCB.	All e-waste generated in the state is transported to authorized recycling centre, M/s J.S. Pigments located in West Bengal.	Gangtok Municipal Council &Singtam Nagar Panchayat, UDD.	
4.	Regulation of Illegal E-Waste recycling /dismantling	No such action has been observed or reported till date.	Regular monitoring by District Administration/U DD/RDD/SPCB	DA UDD RDD SPCB	Regular activity.

5	trict Environment Plar Integration of informal sector	All e-waste generated in the state is collected and transported to authorized recycling facility. Informal sector for the same is not practiced in the state.	IEC plan is awaited from IT Department, Govt. of Sikkim.	UDD RDD	
6	Awareness and Education	None Are there any programs at district level for awareness about E-waste management?	Conducted by SPCB-Sikkim in coordination with UDD, RDD, MSME, NIELIT, Krishi Vigyan Kendra and District Authorities.	DA UDD RDD SPCB	Regular activity.
		Contradicting statement			

(vii) Air Quality Management

a. Current status related to Air Quality Management

Details of Data Requirement	Present Status
 Number of Automatic Air Quality monitoring stations in the district Operated by SPCB / State Govt. / Central govt./PS Uagency: Operated by Industry: 	 1 no. nearing completion by October 2021 (Old status/ Give 2024 data) nil
Number of manual monitoring Stations operated by SPCBs	2 nos. at Gangtok & Singtam
Name of towns/cities which are failing to comply with national ambient air quality stations	None

No of air pollution industries	66 not including DG sets	
Prominent air polluting sources	Industrial units, Vehicular Emission,	
[Large Industry] / [Small Industry] / [Un	Dust arising from construction, Stone	
paved Roads] / [Burning of Waste	Crusher Units, Hot Mix Plants, DG	
Stubble] / [Brick Kiln]/ [Industrial	Sets.	
Estate]/[Others](Multiple		
selection)		

b. Identification of gaps and action plan

S. No.	nvironment Plan [<i>Gangtok Di</i> . Action points	Indicative Action Plan	Responsibl e agency	Timeline for completion of action plan
1.	Identification of prominent air polluting sources?	district.	SPCB in co- ordination with District Administratio n Forest & Environment Department	1 year.
		Statement unclear whether inventory has been made or not as no proper timeline		Timeline with year
2.	Ambient Air quality data?	Ambient air quality data available in the website: <u>www.spcb.sikki</u> <u>m.gov.in</u>		Regular activity.
3.	Setting up of Continuous Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Station	A CAAQMS station is nearing completion in Gangtok	SPCB with District Administratio n	October 2021
		Old status/ Give 2024 data		Old status
4.	District Level Action Plan for Air Pollution		SPCB in coordination with District Administratio n	1 Year
		No proper timeline		
5.	in District	been banned vide Notification No.	SPCB in coordination with District Administratio n	1 Year

District	Environment Plan [<i>Gangtok Di</i> s	strict]		
6.	Awareness on Air Quality	Air quality index of the State is readily available	District Adm. & SPCB	Regular activity

District Environment Plan [Gangtok District]

(viii) Water Quality Management

a. Current status related to Water Quality Management

Details of Data Requirement	Present Status
Rivers	67 / 472.20 km (Names and length of each river in Km)
Length of Coastline(if any)	NA
Nalas/Drains/Creeks meeting Rivers	13(in Gangtok) Inventory under process for the 2 ULBs
Lakes/Ponds	234.2575
Total Quantity of sewage from towns and cities in District	20.86 MLD (4 nos. of STPS having 20.20 MLD capacities for Gangtok City and 1 No. of STP having 0.66 MLD capacity for Singtam Town under PHED)
Quantity of industrial waste water	1.776 MLD
Percentage of untreated sewage	NIL
Details of bore wells and number of permissions given for extraction of groundwater	11
Groundwater polluted areas If any	NIL
Polluted river stretches (if any)	Adarsh Gaon to Melli in the Melli- Chungthang polluted stretch; Namli to Singtam Stretch in Rani Chu polluted Stretch; Adampool to Burtukstretch in Maney khola polluted stretch.

b. Identification of gaps and action plan for water quality monitoring

S. No.	Action points	Gaps and Action Plan	Responsible agency	Timeline for completion of action plan
1.	Inventory of water bodies	Inventory of water bodies is being monitored by Department of Forest & Environment.	Department of Forest & Environment, SPCB-Sikkim, Department of Water	Continuous activity
		SPCB-Sikkim conducts regular monitoring of river water quality under the NWMP	Resources & River Development, Department of Public Health & Engineering	

District Environment Plan	[Ganatok District]		
	programme and the		
	analyzed data is		
	-		
	available in the SPCB		
	website.		
	River Rejuvenation		
	Committee has been		
	notified as the State		
	Nodal agency to		
	ensure compliance to		
	the environmental		
	norms and monitor the		
	actions of the		
	implementing		
	departments.		
	departments.		
	RRC is also		
	undertaking the		
	Inventory of water		
	bodies.		
	Gangtok City and		
	Singtam Town Water		
	supply system falls		
	under PHE		
	Department. Gangtok		
	city and surrounding		
	areas for drinking		
	_		
	water supply is tapped		
	from Rateychu river		
	located at an altitude		
	of 2500 meter. The		
	distance between		
	Rateychu river to		
	WTP Selep is about		
	15 km. raw water		
	received at WTP Selep		
	from Rateychu river is		
	treated at dedicated		
	existed water testing		
	laboratory at WTP		
	Selep and potable		
	water is being		
	supplied to existing 19		
	(Nineteen) Zonal		
	Tanks in and around		
	Gangtok city which		
	further providing		
	potable water to the		
		40 Page	

District Environment Plan [Gangtok	District]		
	public of Gangtok city]
	and surroundings areas		
	through distribution		
	pipeline system.		
	Moreover, the		
	dedicated water supply		
	is being provided to		
	STNM Hospital and		
	Manipal Hospital		
	including very		
	important state		
	Government		
	institutions. The		
	capacity of WTP with Reservior Tanks is		
	42MLD at WTP		
	Selep. Singtam water		
	supply is tapped from		
	Simana Khola and		
	Sangchu Khola. The		
	distance between raw		
	water tapping source		
	and WTP Singtam is		
	about 7km. The raw		
	water is treated at		
	WTP Singtam with a		
	capacity of 4.5 MLD		
	and potable water is		
	being supplied		
	through Reservior		
	Tanks having capacity		
	0f 9 (Nine) Lakh Liter		
	to 4 (four) Zonal		
	Tanks and further to		
	the public of Singtam		
	town and surrounding		
	areas. The dedicated		
	water supply is being		
	provided to Singtam		
	Hospital. PHE		
	Department has		
	dedicated manpower		
	for maintenance and		
	operation of water		
	supply system.		

<u>Distri</u> c	t Environment Plan [<i>Gangto</i>	k_District]		
		Whether		
		environmental		
		monitoring cell exists		
		or not?		
		If not, action plan for		
		constitution of		
		environmental		
		monitoring cell.		
2.	Quality of water bodies in the district	Conducted by SPCB- Sikkim	SPCB-Sikkim	Continuous activity
		Details of monitoring		
		activity conducted by		
		SPCB		
		Frequency of monitoring		
		Website where the data can		
		be accessed		
		Sampling points considered for monitoring		
3.	Hotspots of water	RRC has been setup and	1	Continuous
	contamination	report for delisting of the	Forest &	activity
		4 identified river	Environment,	
		stretches has been	SPCB-Sikkim,	
		submitted to the CPCB.	Department of	
			Water	
			Resources &	
			River	
			Development	
		No proper timeline		Timeline
4.	Protection of river/lake	Action plan prepared and	District	Continuous
	waterfront	bye laws have also been notified for	Administration,	activity
		Implementation.	SPCB,	
			UDD,	
			RDD,	
			Forest &	
		Elaboration of out 1	Environment	
		Elaboration of action plan		
			1	1

5.	Inventory of sources of water pollution	Prepared	Forest & Environment, SPCB	Continuous activity
		More details		
6.	Oil spill disaster management(for coastal districts)	N/A	N/A	N/A
7.	Protection of flood plains	N/A	N/A	N/A
8.	Rejuvenation of	Action plan for flood plain Ground water abstraction	Department of	Continuous
	groundwater	for domestic purposed is not practiced in the district. Industrial units who have installed bore wells have obtained NOC from Central Ground Water Authority (CGWA) Action plan for rain water	Forest & Environment, Department of Water Resources & River Development, CGWA	activity
		riedon plan for fam water	inter vesting	
9	Complaint's redressal	Available at District	District	Continuous

(ix) Domestic Sewage

a. Identification of gaps and action plan for treatment of domestic sewage

Details of Data Requirement	Present Status
No of Class-I towns and above	1
No of Class-II towns and above	NIL
No of Towns STPs installed	5 (Gangtok city and Singtam Town)
No of Towns needing STPs	1 – Gangtok Zone III (Under construction for Tathangchen area – 3.25MLD)
No of ULBs having partial underground Sewerage network	5(Gangtok city and Singtam Town)
No of towns not having sewerage network	NIL
Total Quantity of Sewage generated in District from Class II cities and above	20.86 MLD (Gangtok and Singtam)
Quantity of treated sewage flowing into Rivers(directly or indirectly)	12.52 MLD (60% only)
Quantity of untreated or partially treated sewage(directly or indirectly)	NIL
Quantity of sewage flowing into lakes	NIL
Total available Treatment Capacity	20.86 MLD

S. No.	Action points	Gaps and Action plan	Responsible agency	Timeline for completion of action plan
1	Sewage Treatment Plants (STPs)	District	Public Health & Engineering Department	2024
2	Underground sewerage network	Department is in	Public Health & Engineering Department	2024

District Environment Plan [*Gangtok District*] **b. Identification of gaps and action plan for treatment of domestic sewage**

Note: Action Plan prepared by PHE Department enclosed as Annexure IV

District Environment Plan [*Gangtok District*] (x) Industrial Wastewater Management

a. Current status related to Industrial Waste water Management

Number of Red, Orange, Green and White industries in the District	Red – 2(HEP) Orange- 8
No of Industries discharging Waste water	NIL
Total Quantity of industrial waste water generated	0.308 MLD
Quantity of treated industrial waste water discharged into Nalas/Rivers	NIL
Common Effluent Treatment Facilities	NIL
No of Industries meeting Standards	8
No of Industries not meeting discharge Standards	NIL

b. Identification of gaps and action plan

S. No.	Action points		Responsible agency	Time line for completion of action plan
1.	Compliance to Discharge norms by Industries	Industrial units namely pharmaceutical industries have installed Online Continuous Effluent Monitoring System as per the directions of the SPCB so that real time compliance to pollution parameters can be verified remotely. Industries of various categories are inspected by SPCB on timely basis as specified by the CPCB category wise viz. Red, Orange, Green. Zero liquid discharge is to be maintained in all water based industries in the state. CCTV is installed in all storm water outlets of the 	Environment, SPCB	Continuous activity

District I	Environment Plan [Gangtok]	District]		
		Monitoring is conducted on quarterly basis by NABL accredited laboratories under supervision of SPCB and the reports are submitted as well.		
2.	Complaint redressal system	$\sim 1 \text{ CDCD} \text{ C}^{1}$	District Administratio n& SPCB- Sikkim	Continuous activity

(xi) Mining Activity Management Plan

a. Current status related to Mining Activity Management

Details of Data Requirement	Existing Mining Operations
Type of Mining Activity	Temporary collection of loose boulders, sand & stone
No. of licensed Mining operations in the district	70
% Area covered under mining in the district	
Area of Sand Mining	964 sq. km
Area of sand Mining	River reserves

b. Identification of gaps and action plan

S. No.	Action points	Gaps and Action plan	Responsible agency	Timeline for completion
1.	Monitoring of Mining activity	District Expert Appraisal Committee has been formed.	Department of Mines & Geology	Continuous activity
2.	Inventory of illegal mining, if any mining	Action plan to identify illegal sand and other mining activity in the district through surveillance, patrolling and enforcement. District Level Task Force may be constituted for control of illegal mining activity.	Department of Mines & Geology	
		Same as template. Whether there is any illegal sand mining activity in the district Whether district level task force has been constituted in the district		Timeline

		Surveillance/ patrolling activities done in the district	
•	Environment compliance by Mining Industry	verification of	
		Same as template.	

(xii) Noise Pollution Management Plan

a. Current status related to Noise Pollution Management

Details of Data Requirement	Measurable Outcome
No.of noise measuring devices	SPCB Sikkim – 3 nos
available with various	
agencies in the district	

b. Identification of gaps and action plan

S. No.	Action points	Gaps and Action plan	Responsible agency	Timeline for completion of action plan
1.	Availability of Sound/Noise Level Meters	Procurement of Sound/Noise Level Meters in process	District Administration , Police Department & SPCB-Sikkim	3 months
		Above statement mentions availability of 3 Noise level meters Also check whether concerned		
		agencies that is ULBs, SHOs, Traffic police and SPCB/PCC have noise level meters.		
2.	Ambient Noise Level monitoring	Various sensitive zones such as protected areas, hospitals, etc. have been declared as silent zones.	UDD, District Administration , Police	6 months
		Noise monitoring during festival	Department &	

		season is conducted by SPCB- Sikkim.	SPCB-Sikkim
		Also mention whether Fixed Ambient Noise Level Monitoring Stations have been installed in the district.	
3.	Signboards in Noise zones	District administration may ensure that adequate number of sign boards installed at sensitive zones in towns and cities. An action plan may be prepared by district authority.	District Administration
		Same as template Whether sign boards have been installed or not	
4.		Redressal portal has been set up in District Administration& SPCB website.	UDD, District Administration , Police Department & SPCB-Sikkim

Note: State Action Plan for Control of Noise pollution enclosed as annexure

Annexure 1 GOOGLE FORMAT INFORMATION OF SEWER AND SEPTIC TANK SANITATION WORKERS & PRIVATE SANITATION SERVICE ORGANIORGANIZATIONS(PSSO) IN THE ULB. FOR THE SCHEME

National Action for Mechanized Sanitation Ecosystem (NAMASTE)

Name of State	SIKKIM	Name of District	GANGTOK	Name of ULB:	SINGTAM NAGAR PANCHAYAT
				ULB Code:	801422

1. City Profile:

1.1 Total Population of ULB	6850
1.2 Number of Households(HH) in the ULB	1540

istrict Environment Plan [<i>Gangtok District</i>]		
1.3 Number of HH connected with Septic Tank	1265	
1.4 Number of HH Covered with Sewers	275	
1.5 Sewer coverage in the ULB in (Km)	2.5KM	
1.6 Number of Equipment/Vehicle for sewers and Septic tank cleaning in the ULB		
Number of Sewer Line Cleaning bucketing Machine		
Number of Jetting Machine		
Number of Suction Machine		
Number of Jetting cum Suction machine		
Number of deep suction combined machine		
Number of manual hand operated grab bucket		
Any other (Number)		

- **1.** Please provide information on the Single Point of Contact (SPOC) for NAMASTE implementation.
 - 1.1 Name:
 - 1.2 Designation:
- 2.3 Contact Information:
- 2.3.1 Mobile:
- 2.3.2. Landline with STD code:
- 2.3.3 Email:
- 3. Has the ERSU been formed in the ULB/District a) Yes b) No
- 4. Number of Private Sanitation Service Organization (PSSO) employed by the ULB:.....
- 4.1 Number of other private agencies engaged in cleaning sewer and septic tanks:

District Environment Plan [*Gangtok District*] 5. Number of Sanitation workers engaged in?

Job Role	Number of workers engaged by ULB	Number of workers engaged by PSSO
a. Cleaning of Septic tank		
b. Sewer Line Cleaning and Maintenance		